TB and COVID-19

- California healthcare providers have reported
 delays in diagnosis and treatment of TB disease and
- patients having concurrent TB disease & COVID19

COVID 19 and TB disease may have overlapping features: both have serious consequences in the elderly and immunocompromised and easily spread in congregate settings.

Consider TB disease as a cause of respiratory illness — even in those who test positive for COVID-19 — when TB risks, signs, symptoms or imaging findings below are present



Risks for TB disease

- Lived outside the United States
- Immunocompromised
- Close contact to someone with TB disease



Signs/symptoms more consistent with TB

- Persistent cough for ≥3 weeks
- Weight loss
- Hemoptysis



Multilobar infiltrates with multiple cavitations in a person with TB disease Source: CDCage Library

Imaging findings of TB disease & COVID-19

More consistent with TB disease

- Upper lobe infiltrates
- Miliary, nodular, or cavitary lesions
- Lymphadenopathy (children and immunocompromised)
- Pleural effusions

More consistent with COVID-19

- Ground-glass opacities
- Peripheral and posterior lung segment predominance
- Absence of pleural effusions and lymphadenopathy

If you <u>suspect</u> TB disease

- Collect 3 sputum samples 8 hours apart for AFB smear, mycobacterial culture, and nucleic acid amplification testing (e.g. Xpert MTB)
- Contact: CONTRA COSTA PUBLIC HEALTH TB CONTROL AT 925-313-6740 to report suspected case and ensure effective treatment and timely contact evaluation